

REGION VI — MORENO VALLEY

Region Snapshot:

Region Snapshot: Region VI is comprised of the city of Moreno Valley and March Air Reserve Base. The city of Moreno Valley is the second largest city in Riverside County. Within this region, there is a dedicated group of

longtime volunteers conscientiously working towards building ongoing community involvement. Since a large percentage of individuals commute daily outside this region, the need for additional before and after-school childcare is a priority.

Demographics

Population

Area	1990 Population	2000 Population	Numeric Change	Percent Change
Moreno Valley	118,951	143,089	24,138	20.3%
County of Riverside	1,170,413	1,545,387	374,974	32.0%
State of California	29,760,021	33,871,648	4,111,627	13.8%

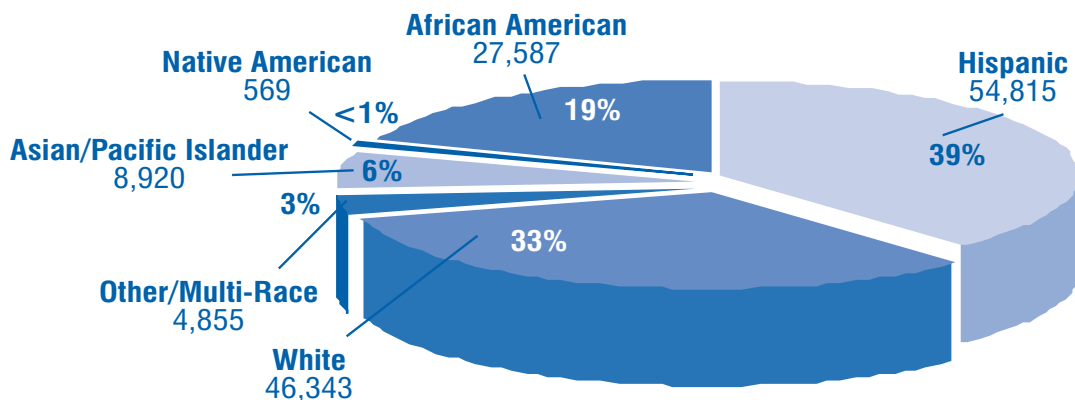
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

Note: For the purpose of the United Way Needs Assessment, Moreno Valley is defined as including the following zip codes: 92551, 92553, 92555, and 92557.

Population by Age

Age Group	Moreno Valley		County of Riverside	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Under 18	52,572	36.7%	468,691	30.3%
18-44	57,212	40.0%	588,784	38.1%
45-64	25,430	17.8%	291,948	18.9%
65+	7,875	5.5%	195,964	12.7%

Population by Race/Ethnicity



REGION VI — MORENO VALLEY HEALTH STATISTICS

A. Mortality Statistics, 2000

(Rate per 100,000 population)

	Moreno Valley	Riverside County	California	National Goal
1. Heart Disease	305.3	270.0	201.5 ⁶³	166.0
2. Cancer	197.5	183.9	179.8	159.9
3. Pneumonia/Influenza	29.0	25.6	28.4	N/E ⁶⁴
4. Unintentional Injuries	32.8	33.8	27.4	17.5
5. Stroke	78.9	58.6	63.3	48.0
6. Diabetes	23.6	17.9	20.8	N/E
7. Homicide	3.4	5.4	6.1	3.0
8. COPD	52.1	53.7	43.1	60.0 ⁶⁵
9. Suicide	12.0	11.5	9.5	5.0
10. Liver Disease	12.7	13.7	3.6	N/E
11. AIDS	0.7	5.7	4.3	0.7

⁶³California mortality data uses a 2 year average 1999-2000

⁶⁴ & ⁶⁵For adults age 60 and older

Deaths Due to Unintentional Injury*

Cause	Number	Rate
Motor Vehicle	19	20.1
Poisoning	4	2.7
Falls	2	3.8
Fire	1	0.7
Drowning	1	0.5
Gunshot	0	0.0

Deaths Due to Cancer*

Type	Number	Rate
Lung	34	50.8
Female Breast	12	22.5
Colorectal	14	20.8
Prostate	3	11.4
Stomach	8	9.5
Uterine/Cervix	2	3.6

*Rates computed for fewer than 20 events are unreliable and should be interpreted with caution.

B. Morbidity Statistics, 2000

Reported cases of Selected Communicable Diseases

(Rates per 100,000 population)

	Moreno Valley	Riverside County	California	National Goal
1. Hepatitis C	62.2	112.7	118.3	1.0
2. Chlamydia	396.3	195.9	281.6	N/A ⁶⁶
3. Gonorrhea	47.5	27.9	63.8	19.0
4. Hepatitis A	17.5	13.7	8.8	4.5

⁶⁶N/A Prevalence data is not available in California

Births By Age of Mother:

Age Group	Number	Percent
<18	130	5.3%
18-19	209	8.5%
20-34	1,843	75.3%
35+	266	10.9%
All ages	2,448	100%

1st Trimester Entry into Prenatal Care:

2,031 83.0%

Live Birth Rate per 1,000:

Population	17.1
Females age 15-19	48.5

Infant Mortality Rate:

(Rate per 1,000 live births)

Moreno Valley	7.4
Riverside County	5.9
California	5.8
National Goal	4.5

C. Natality Statistics, 2000

	Moreno Valley	Riverside County	California	National Goal
Low birth weight infants	6.6%	6.3%	6.2%	5.0%
Late or no prenatal care (After 1st trimester)	17.0%	19.9%	16.9%	10.0%
Birth to adolescents (Under age 18)	5.3%	4.6%	3.7%	N/E
Birth to 35+ mothers	10.9%	12.5%	16.1%	N/E

REGION VI — MORENO VALLEY

Public Aid

Region	Medi-Cal Persons ⁶⁷	Percentage of Population	Food Stamps Persons	Percentage of Population	CaWORKs Persons	Percentage of Population	Population
East Desert/Coachella Valley	24,662	22%	8,174	7%	5,523	5%	114,196
West Desert/Coachella Valley	20,377	10%	6,037	3%	4,593	2%	205,214
Corona/Norco	13,718	8%	2,993	2%	2,727	2%	179,641
Hemet/San Jacinto	26,289	13%	8,938	4%	7,317	4%	201,342
Jurupa	12,899	16%	4,642	6%	3,876	5%	82,968
Moreno Valley	23,551	16%	8,767	6%	7,930	6%	143,089
Other/Out of County			223		370		
Palo Verde	3,941	16%	1,583	6%	1,144	5%	25,095
Pass Area	9,559	18%	3,369	6%	2,952	5%	54,039
Perris Valley	14,321	20%	6,045	8%	4,939	7%	71,831
City of Riverside	37,740	13%	13,806	5%	11,524	4%	284,809
Temecula/Murrieta	4,420	3%	791	1%	721	1%	129,308
Tri-Communities	8,058	11%	2,531	3%	2,103	3%	75,550
County-Wide Total	199,535	13%	67,899	4%	55,719	4%	1,567,082

October 2001 *These Numbers include every person eligible for Medi-Cal in the state, regardless of which agency authorized Medi-Cal

	CPS ⁶⁸ Referrals	Out of Home Placements	In-Home Support Services ⁶⁹	APS ⁷⁰ Referrals
East Desert/Coachella Valley	174	170	905	23
West Desert/Coachella Valley	247	226	1,148	109
Corona/Norco	200	219	616	18
Hemet/San Jacinto	279	375	1,134	104
Jurupa	145	270	460	23
Moreno Valley	227	673	734	28
Other/Out of County	108	931	36	54
Palo Verde	37	28	340	7
Pass Area	84	194	570	25
Perris Valley	132	298	526	16
City of Riverside	388	522	1,588	83
Temecula/Murrieta	110	124	257	12
Tri-Communities	101	104	408	30
County-Wide	2,232	4,134	8,722	532

⁶⁷Medi-Cal person's data reflects caseload numbers for the month of April 2001, all other data reflects caseload numbers for the month of October 2001.

⁶⁸Child Protective Services

⁶⁹IHSS-Disabled & Elderly Adult

⁷⁰Adult Protective Services

REGION VI — MORENO VALLEY

Demographics and Health Statistics — Children Age 5 and Under

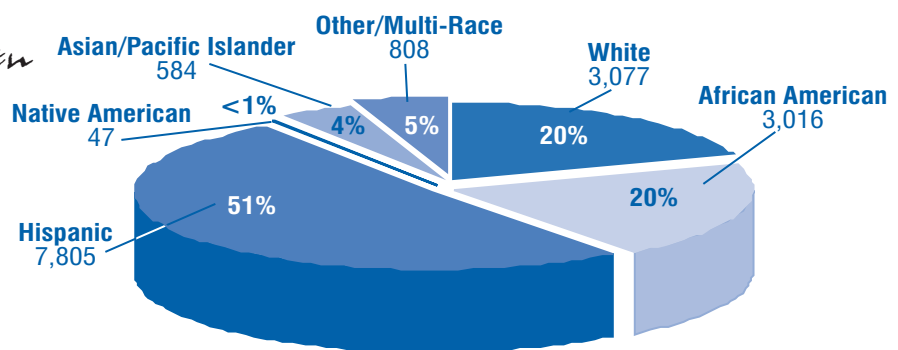
Population

Area	1990 Population	2000 Population	Numeric Change	Percent Change
Moreno Valley	16,503	15,337	-1,166	-7.1%
County of Riverside	124,231	148,643	24,412	19.7%
State of California	2,842,506	3,018,386	175,880	6.2%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

Note: For the purpose of the United Way Needs Assessment, Moreno Valley is defined as including the following zip codes: 92551, 92553, 92555, and 92557.

Population by Race / Ethnicity — Children Age 5 and Under



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Census 2000

Public Aid - Age 0-5

CalWORKs and Food Stamps Recipients Age 0-5⁷¹

CalWORKs	Category 09 Food Stamps ⁷²	Category 30 Food Stamps ⁷³	All Food Stamps
2,071	323	1,823	2,146

⁷¹Data includes all children who were five years of age or less on at least one day during the month.

⁷²Category 09 Food Stamps cases include families who do not also receive CalWORKs

⁷³Category 30 Food Stamps cases include families who also receive CalWORKs.

Mortality Statistics — Children Age 5 & Under

(Rate per 100,000 population)

	Moreno Valley	Riverside County	California
1. Perinatal Conditions	45.6	50.5	45.1
2. Congenital Anomalies	26.1	29.6	27.1
3. Unintentional Injuries	13.0	14.1	1.0
4. Pneumonia/Influenza	6.5	3.4	1.5
5. Cancer	0.0	4.0	2.8
6. Heart Disease	0.0	3.4	2.5
7. Homicide	0.0	2.7	2.3
8. COPD	0.0	1.3	0.6

Deaths Due to Unintentional Injury*

Cause	Number	Rate
Motor Vehicle	0	0.0
Poisoning	0	0.0
Falls	0	0.0
Fire	0	0.0
Drowning	1	6.5
Gunshot	0	0.0

*Rates computed for fewer than 20 events are unreliable and should be interpreted with caution.

REGION VI — MORENO VALLEY

Interview Results

What do you believe are the major healthcare system strengths in your community?

- Riverside County Regional Medical Center (RCRMC)
- Number of hospitals in area

Participants were pleased that Riverside County Regional Medical Center chose to make their new home in Moreno Valley. Participants in the process also recognized the value in having more than one hospital located within the city limits.

What do you believe are the major healthcare system issues in your community?

- Transportation
- Lack of health insurance
- Cost of healthcare

Transportation was identified as an issue by all three of the methods employed in the assessment process. The need for improved “transportation” meant different things to different people and included additional bus routes (a wider system), additional runs on each bus route (a more convenient system), and, although affordable to some, lower fares were important to many (a more affordable system). The region’s public transportation system was consistently listed as a barrier to individuals receiving the services they needed.

As in all regions, the lack of affordable health insurance and affordable healthcare are daily challenges for many families. Even families who can afford health insurance, either through the workplace or Healthy Families, are faced with making decisions based on their economic standing. Familiar scenarios include those who can afford their co-pay, but then are not able to pay the pharmacy or lab expenses. Daily decisions must be made: “Do we pay for the medicine, or do we pay for food?”

What do you believe are the major social service system strengths in your community?

- None

What do you believe are the major social service system issues in your community?

- Lack of affordable/available childcare

- Transportation
- Lack of knowledge as to what services exist
- After school population
- Lack of services

Participants also felt that there was an unmet need for more education on the nature and availability of community health services, as well as on how to access available services. These issues go hand in hand with a perceived lack of outreach by the social service agencies to the persons who are most in need. The lack of affordable, available childcare brought about the strongest and most passionate responses. Childcare seemed to be at the hub of many system weaknesses. Participants spoke of trying to interview for a job, but not having childcare; trying to apply for a job or assistance, but not having childcare; or, finally getting a job, and still not being able to find affordable, available, reliable childcare. Participants saw the lack of childcare as forcing parents to make conflicting decisions; do I go for the job interview, do I go to apply for assistance, do I take the job if it is offered, or do I stay where I am? Although services for the after school population have improved during the past few years, continued growth within this population will require additional services.

Are there population groups (for example: age, sex, or ethnic groups) or geographic areas that have especially serious issues?

- Seniors
- Pregnant minors/Teen Moms
- Edgemont
- Lower socio-economic groups

The majority of participants felt that anyone of any race or ethnicity who found themselves in a lower socio-economic level faced challenges of knowing what services exist, how to access them, and most often how to pay for them. Participants noted a clear lack of adequate services and activities for their teen population. The need for teen services ran the gamut from recreational activities to adolescent substance abuse treatment centers as well as adolescent mental health services. Pregnant minors and teen Moms are in need of specialized services that address pre-natal care, counseling services, as well as childcare services located on school campus.

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Interview Results — continued

Are there system issues—such as lack of communication among groups—or policies that limit the effectiveness of certain resources?

- Lack of communication/collaboration

The need for enhanced communication and collaboration was reported as an ongoing issue between and within different agencies, organizations, and local government. Participants felt that no one within the community was willing to take a leadership role in bringing collaborative efforts together.

Do you feel that there are any issues you would like to see addressed in education, environment, arts and culture?

- Lack of prevention education

Participants reported the need for prevention education within health and social issues. These would

include: family planning, child development, and conflict resolution.

Looking at the resource system as a whole, what do you feel are its strengths and weaknesses?

- Not enough resources
- Lack of funding for services
- Lack of services

Participants concerned about growth discussed an overall lack of planning and direction by government leaders, non-profit agencies and schools. Individuals felt that the community, as well as the surrounding area is not really prepared for the current growth patterns, let alone what the future holds. Moreno Valley lacks services in relation to their population size. This deficit in service providers is directly linked to Moreno Valley's close geographic proximity to the city of Riverside. Participants view Riverside-based non-profit providers as less willing to develop a long-term relationship with their community.

Community Asset Survey Results

The following were designated by at least 50% of Region VI community asset survey respondents, as major issues:

Healthcare Issues

- Drug abuse

Healthcare Access

- Affordable health insurance
- Affordable healthcare

Social Issues

- Domestic violence
- Child abuse
- Foster care
- Teen pregnancy

Social Services Access

- Affordable quality childcare
- After school childcare
- Affordable legal assistance

Housing Access

- Shortage of affordable housing

Economics

- Personal debt
- Poverty
- Unemployment/underemployment
- Lack of vocational/technical jobs

Economic Issues

- Parental/community involvement
- Quality education
- Overcrowded schools
- School safety
- Technical/vocational schools
- Available money for higher education

Quality of life issues

- Crime
- Youth violence

REGION VI — MORENO VALLEY

Emerging Issues

Issues that scored slightly below 50%, while not priorities at this time, were seen as emerging issues, which may rise to the priority category in future needs assessments. The following list represents issues that ranked from 45 to 49 percent in the moderate and major issue categories:

- Alcohol Abuse
- Nutrition
- Prenatal care
- Well child care
- Mental healthcare
- Preventative health screening
- Urgent care facilities
- Elderly abuse/neglect
- Homelessness
- Race relations
- Crisis support services

Community Forum Results

Two community forums were held with participants from the Edgemont Elementary School Head Start Program and the Friendship Christian Fellowship Church. The following are issues identified and voted on by the groups. They are listed in priority order.

Healthcare System Issues

- Cost of health insurance
- Lack of free health clinics
- Transportation
- Lack of low cost dental services
- Denied services to people who cannot afford them
- Long waits to see the doctor (not only in receiving an appointment, but once you are there)
- HMO's limit choices

Social Service Issues

- Lack of childcare
- Lack of information about services
- Lack of adequate employment
- Lack of services for the homeless (Moreno Valley)
- Lack of services for parolees and probationers

Priority Community Needs

Regardless of the method used in obtaining the information for this report, common issues of concern were expressed throughout the interview, asset survey and community forum processes. Participants identified the following unmet needs of the Region VI area:

- Lack of affordable/available health insurance
- Transportation (healthcare and/or social services)
- Lack of affordable, available childcare, including after school childcare
- Lack of knowledge as to what services exist
- Lack of education on how to access systems (healthcare and/or social services)
- Lack of services